Perfect Square Trinomials

What is
$$(x+5)(x+5)$$
?

$$x^2 + 5x + 5x + 25 = x^2 + 10x + 25$$

What would
$$(a+b)(a+b)$$
 equal? $a^2 + ab + ab + b^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

$$a^2 + ab + ab + b^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

Can you guess what two factors formed: $x^2 + 12x + 36$?

What is
$$(x-7)(x-7)$$
?

What is
$$(x-7)(x-7)$$
? $x^2-7x-7x+49=x^2-14x+49$

What would
$$(a-b)(a-b)$$
 equal? $a^2-ab-ab+b^2=a^2-2ab+b^2$

$$a^2 - ab - ab + b^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

Can you guess what two factors formed: $x^2 - 20x + 100$?

Factoring Perfect Square Trinomials

$$a^{2}+2ab+b^{2}=(a+b)^{2}$$
 and $a^{2}-2ab+b^{2}=(a-b)^{2}$

Necessary Conditions for Factoring a Perfect Square Trinomial

- 1. The first term must have a positive coefficient and be a perfect square, a².
- 2. The last term must have a positive coefficient and be a perfect square, b^2 .
- 3. The middle term must be twice the product of the bases of the first and last terms, 2ab or -2ab.

The same strategy applies for any perfect square trinomial.

$$4x^2 + 20xy + 25y^2 = (2x + 5y)^2$$

$$16x^2 - 24x + 9 = (4x - 3)^2$$

TRY:

$$x^2 + 16x + 64$$

$$x^2 - 18x + 81$$

$$9x^2 - 30x + 25$$