

## Fractions: Multiplication

### Multiplying fractions

To **multiply fractions**, multiply the numerators and then multiply the denominators. To work with smaller numbers, remove the common factors before multiplying.

Example:

$$\frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{4}}}{\underset{1}{\cancel{5}}} \cdot \frac{\overset{2}{\cancel{10}}}{\underset{\overset{4}{\cancel{2}}}{\cancel{16}}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

The factor 4 is removed from the 4 in the numerator and the 16 in the denominator, leaving 1 and 4 respectively.

The factor 5 is removed from the 5 in the denominator and the 10 in the numerator, leaving 1 and 2 respectively.

The factor 2 can now be removed from the 2 in the numerator and the 4 in the denominator, leaving 1 and 2 respectively.

Since all factors in common have been removed, the two numerators are multiplied together and the two denominators are multiplied together resulting in the final result of  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Rule:  $\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b \cdot d}$  if  $b \neq 0$  and  $d \neq 0$  (Remember, division by 0 is undefined.)

TRY:

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{9}{16} =$$

$$\frac{-3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{-8}{9} =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{20}{21} =$$

$$6 \cdot \frac{7}{12} =$$

(remember to write 6 as  $\frac{6}{1}$ )

What is  $\frac{3}{5}$  of  $\frac{4}{9}$ ? (HINT: of means multiply)

TRY these as fast as you can.

1)  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$  \_\_\_\_\_

2)  $\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{5}$  \_\_\_\_\_

3)  $\frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{4}{8}$  \_\_\_\_\_

4)  $\frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{6}$  \_\_\_\_\_

5)  $\frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{3}{7}$  \_\_\_\_\_

6)  $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4}$  \_\_\_\_\_

7)  $\frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{3}{8}$  \_\_\_\_\_

8)  $-\frac{7}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{8}$  \_\_\_\_\_

9)  $\frac{7}{11} \cdot \frac{11}{15}$  \_\_\_\_\_

10)  $\frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{7}{8}$  \_\_\_\_\_

11)  $\frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{5}$  \_\_\_\_\_

12)  $-\frac{4}{7} \cdot \frac{2}{7}$  \_\_\_\_\_

13)  $\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{3}{5}$  \_\_\_\_\_

14)  $-\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$  \_\_\_\_\_

15)  $-\frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{4}{7}$  \_\_\_\_\_

16)  $\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{7}\right)$  \_\_\_\_\_

17)  $-\frac{5}{11} \cdot \frac{2}{3}$  \_\_\_\_\_

18)  $\frac{2}{9} \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{9}\right)$  \_\_\_\_\_

19)  $\left(-\frac{6}{13}\right) \cdot \frac{5}{6}$  \_\_\_\_\_

20)  $\left(-\frac{3}{8}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{8}\right)$  \_\_\_\_\_

21)  $\frac{5}{11} \cdot \frac{3}{7}$  \_\_\_\_\_

22)  $\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{5}$  \_\_\_\_\_

23)  $\frac{5}{9} \cdot \left(-\frac{2}{9}\right)$  \_\_\_\_\_

24)  $\left(-\frac{6}{7}\right) \cdot \frac{2}{7}$  \_\_\_\_\_

25)  $\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)$  \_\_\_\_\_

26)  $\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{4}$  \_\_\_\_\_

27)  $\frac{3}{8} \cdot \left(-\frac{4}{9}\right)$  \_\_\_\_\_

28)  $\frac{5}{13} \cdot \frac{13}{15}$  \_\_\_\_\_

How did you do?